

# Rebel forces control most of Chad

ARIS Feb. 13 (R) Rebel Chad forces appeared to control most of the central African country's capital. N djamena, informed sources said in Paris tonight. The rebels are supporting The Malicum Latest reports and efforts to achieve accasefue acre, under way with some specess. Mr. Habre's 1,000-strong force which began the fighting in the former French colony, resterday, appearently radied during the night after their first sault was repulsed by gendarmes loyal to President Malloum resterday afternoon, the sources saw. It updates the central telephone indistingual off from the outside world today after the central telephone vesterday afternoon, the sources said. Not jamena was completely Exchange and the national radio station were damaged in nearly specific discarding lighting. French forces stationed in Chad, which were called out the president with esterday to protect the city's European quarter, will not interthe president with the fighting. French Presidential Spokesman Pierre Hunt Litriggered clashes in the fighting. French Presidential Spokesman Pierre Hunt Litriggered clashes and today. Britteny and the Ath

# JORDAN TIM

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation جوردن تايمز يوميه سياسية تصدر بالاتجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية «الراي؟»

TEHRAN, Feb. 13 amidst bloody street fight-

ing.

Italy orders U.S. official expulsion ROME, Feb. (3 (R)--The Italian government to night ordered the

expulsion of a U.S. official allegd to have written a highly crineal report on Italy's secret services published here today. "The presence of American citizen Domenic A. Perrone is undesirable"a brief statement from the Prime Minister's office said. It added that be should leave the country within 24 hours. The Italian action followed the publication of an alleged secret U.S. report in the Rome left-wing daily La Republica which strongly criticised Italy's secret service network. The paper named Mr. Perrone as the author of the report. A spokesman for the U.S. embassy said Mr. Perrone worked as a liason officer between the U.S. army's European Command and the Italian government. The spokesman said the embassy had no further comment to make at the moment. But informed diplomatic sources said Mr. Perrone flew out of Rome on an undisclosed destination this morning, hefore his expulsion was made public.

Price: Jordan 50 file; Syria 50 plastres; Lebonon 75 plastres; Saudi Arabia I riyal; UAE I dirham; Great Britain 25 pence.

ricers are refusing in Volume 4, Number 981 more than 20,000 and

Inc. Paris itself. This

indige (18 p. 18 18 p. 18

The same of the sa

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 14, 1979 — RABIE AWAL 17, 1399

(Agencies)--Ayatollah

Ruhollah Khomeini today

ordered the young Islamic

revolutionaries who swept

him to power at the

weekend to turn in their

guns and stop looting and

While the Ayatollah

used his authority to

restore calm and order,

Provisional Prime Minis-

ter Dr. Mehdi Bazargan

announced the formation

of a cabinet to take over

the running of the coun-

As he did so, the gov-

ernment announced that

it had arrested Dr.

Shahpour Baktiar, who

resigned on Sunday as the

Shah's last prime minister

PLO cannot be ignored in ME peace talks

Navan etatama

sin to disobey.

# but by the certage of I million the file of the Bouling has Bouling has Bouling has the planned on the planned of the sin of new jobs in grap. sin of new jobs in grap. ent has so lar reine of lar rei

\$1.4 million is 197 (MAN; Feb. 13 (J.T.)--The ited States is "ready to assist dan with its legitimate defence hid 28 years in eds". Defence Secretary rold Brown said here today.

Lithuanian couple le was speaking to reporters ved for 24 years as bore leaving Amman this marnes. roots and mice the at the end of a two-day visit rife existed in wing ing which he held talks with ass of Killarney Heigh Majesty King Hussein and ed them, the malajlor Jordanian officials. of the Salvation in Ir. Brown said the United

bery and her husbands es "bas long had the closest e couple for about of friendship and coopi parceis from the & ion" with lordan, this after World We The period ahead of us is one

spected they were be reat promise but considerable excape the terrorous. We could achieve much, or could slip back into another

gerous stalemate", he said. Juebec 'fraterm's part to press negotiations for to the state of th te of the lew release rvention in the area, to belp sh for independent orderly economic and polit-ing for a two-ties and development, he added. ing for a two-day see interest of the United States states spoken by Far te Middle East and in Jordan uebec a separate Particular is long-standing. We

Burre and Warre continue to work with Jordan constant regional control of the con of was slightly well-geration," he said. and of E tame in Tenswering reporters' ques-. Mr. Brown said: "The real lose of the visit was to discuss IGES to win Grag a number of nations in the

ich 12 (R)-50ccz way in which, whether they layer American I it or not, the nations in the rd Siam Tenno lemma have to hold together in d Sweetish champing to avoid unwanted intrusion championships. 122 ontside; to limit the ability of marked the thin aders to cause difficulty to e finals of the stary military pressure from the thest previous wide, to disrupt economic and a progress in the area."

r. Brown was seen off upon rture by Prime Minister and W COTOE! ster of Defence Mudar Bad-Commander in Chief of the if Zeid Ibn Shaker and a ber of officials as well as the witte.

,isnemi

Acres :

3.37 TO

AL ....

meicar.

hat I'ch.

20 40

e planes

har was

**化物质**环

ric to the

y, 12 75

क्ट वर्ग अध

25 20 W.L.

PETRIATE

go werest

والمترا الماجوج

28 10 5 Page

midte a se

Actor will

gama Argur

the folials

N. Section.

e di teli

that I will

nice of the

the second

the to the

Engageda

He that the

Manager South

المراجا المالي

ye a 13125

Charles the

ne premier

tharibe: ir

200, 25C (2)

then far.

Hed or fish

British of Line

Remilier

The state of the F 17.3'EC. 15

المنائح ا

y the se

erne a l

7447

olas Veliotes. Riyadh, the official Saudi Agency said today the and States and Saudi Arabia 250 k = reiterated their "strong and friendly relations".

ambassador to Jordan

e agency, reporting a state-. \ \ issued in the Saudi capital of Carlight following talks there Then U.S. Defence Secretary and Saudi Defence Aviation Minister Prince Sulbn Abdul Aziz, said both bad reviewed bilateral relaand other developments of al interest.

e statement said an armosof understanding, characbilateral friendly relahad prevailed in talks bet-Mr. Brown and Saudi lead-

e agency said the discussions

Mr. Brown, the first U.S. towards its Arah neighbours.

During his Saudi visit, the defence secretary renerated U.S. support to Saudi Arabia.

In Tel Aviv, Israeli sources said today Israel told Mr. Brown that it wants to reshape long-term defence purchases in view of an apparently growing threat to its. eastern front.

The sources said Israel would cussions. suggest cutting hack the quantity of arms deliveries by 20 to 25 per cent in exchange for an agreement to teceive a lesser volume of more advanced electronic and other

This reassessment, the sources said, is being undertaken in the light of several factors. One is the prospect of a peace treaty between Israel and Egypt on its western borders.

military rapport between Syria and Iraq to the east and the uncertainty generated by the collapse of the pro-western regime in Iran.

Lydda airport:

Israel's security, resting as it does on moral and political grounds as well as on vital security interests, is a long-standing one and I reaffirm that American commitment to Israel's security today."

in Iran underscored the importance of bringing stability and order to the whole region, a theme sing on his tour.

A U.S. defence official accom-

The other is the increasing

The new assessment was con-

cerued with the programme for Israeli arms purchases which has been estimated as likely to cost around \$10 billion.

Arriving from Amman earlier today on a three-day visit-the third stop of his four-nation Middle East tour-Mr. Brown said at

Shortly after arriving, Mr. Brown went into a series of meetings with Defence Minister Ezer Weizman and other Israeli offi-

of welcome: "You will find that Israel is ready to contribute to a partnership with the United States for the stability and prosperity of all peace-seeking forces in the reg-

peace treaty with Egypt.

# Regional Briefs

IRIS, Feb. 13 (R)-King Hassan of Morocco will make a private it to France on Thursday and Friday and will have luncheon ks with French President Valery Giscard d Estaing on Friday, esidential Spokesman Pierre Hunt said today. King Hassan had anned to come to France last year but ill bealth twice forced him postpone his visit.

IRUT, Feb. 13 (R)-Three people were killed and two were anded in clashes between two groups last night and today in the athern port city of Sidon, a statement from the Arab peacesping force in southern Lebanon said. It said the situation was let after peace patrols toured the city in strength. It did not ntify the groups involved, but other reports from the area said tier today that sbops in the city had downed shutters following shes between the Lebanese leftist Nasserite movement and a i-Iraqi Palestinian group. Meanwhile, a statement issued after neeting in Sidon attended by representatives of the two sides rounced that security measures had been taken to prevent any ercussions and put an end to "such irresponsible behavior."

MASCUS, Feb. 13 (R)-Lebanon's Defence Minister Maj. n. Victor Khoury arrived here today from Beirut and immedily began talks with his Syrian counterpart, Maj.-Gen. Mustafa s. There were no details on the meeting also attended hy ia's Chief of Staff Hikmat Al Shihabi and his deputy Ali slan, but well-informed sources said the military and security ration in Lebanon bad been discussed.

KARA, Feb. 13 (R)-Martial laws imposed in Turkey for two inths in December after bloody political street riots in the th, will be extended for a further two months pending pardentary approval, Premier Bulent Ecevit announced today. he said martial law will not be broadened to take in other than 13 key provinces-including Istanbul and Ankara-- where it exists. Mr. Ecevit imposed martial law after more than 100 ks were killed in nots involving different Moslem sects of ying political views in the southern town of Kahrizanmaras.

Saudi Crown Prince Fahd to States would withhold approval of Washington, on March 13, where new arms sales to Israel as a way of he would hold talks with President - putting pressure on the country to accept more flexible policies

defence secretary to visit Saudi Arabia, is on a Middle East tour taking him to Jordan, Israel and

'Matmon O" -- a 10-year plan for

'The American commitment to

Mr. Weizman said the turmoil which Mr. Brown has been stres-

Mr. Weizman said in his speech

panying Mr. Brown said a prime purpose of the visit to Israel was to decide what Israel needs in the way of weapons after achieving a

Feb. 13 (R)-Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan sparked uproar among Israeli politicians today by saying that the Palestine Liheration Organisation (PLO) could not be ignored during discussions on peace in the Middle East.

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM,

The Brown visit occurred as the

Only last Sunday Israel agreed

U.S. officials stressed that Mr.

United States was trying to revive

the stalled peace treaty talks bet-

to attend new talks at ministerial

Brown had not come to play any

part in the peace treaty negoti-

ations. But the officials agreed

that the coming talks could not be

ignored in Mr. Biown's dis-

ween Israel and Egypt,

level at Camp David

Saudi aide to

deliver message

to King Hussein

AMMAN, Feb. 13

JNA)-Saudl Arabian Foreign

Affairs Minister Prince Saud Al

Faisal will fly to Amman

Prince Saud will deliver a

message from the Saudi

monarch to His Majesty King

omorrow on a short visit.

It was thought to be the first time that a high-ranking Israeli leader said publicly that the PLO would have to be taken into

But government officials hastened to say that his remarks did not mean a departure from previous Israeli policy, which is to reject all dealings with the PLO.

Discussing peace prospects in a speech to a conference of Jewish war veterans, Mr. Dayan said: "There is the problem of the PLO. which is not a state, but we cannot deny their position or their value in the conflict eventually to reach an agreement." A foreign ministry spokesman noted that Mr. Dayan did not say Israel would accept the PLO as a partner in peace negoti-

ations. He did say, however, of the PLO: "It isn't just a terrorist organisation. There's also the civilian part, that is to say the Palestinian refugees...certainly we don't think that a final settlement of the Middle East conflict can be achieved without a settlement of the refugees."

Officials at Prime Minister Menachem Begin's office said there was no change in Israel's policy towards the PLO.

Mr. Dayan is to take part in new Camp David peace talks later this month with Egyptian Prime Minister Mustapha Khalil and U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus

Vance. His remarks brought a welcome from left-wing 'doves' and outrage from right-wing hardliness.

Mrs. Geula Cohen and Moshe Shamir, ultra-nationalist members of Mr. Begin's Likud hloc. told reporters: "The foreign minister has ruled himself out as the Israel negotiator and should stay at home.

Yosef Sarid, of the oppositi-Labour party, said Mr. Days assessment of the PLO was "!

overque and faced up to realities." Labour party Chairman Shimon Percs told reporters that the statement was "worth careful

But I have a feeling the foreign ministry will soon be denying it all," Mr. Peres added with a smile.

Some observers felt that Mr. Dayan had meant to say that the PLO should have to be taken into account when the Palestinian refugee problem was discussed for final settlement, but not on political or territorial questions.

Avraham Sharir, head of the Likud faction in the Knesset told a radio interviewer Mr. Dayan's remarks could serve those in favour of an independent Palestinian state, "to which Israel is totally opposed."

'Any recognition of the PLO will lead to a Palestinian state. Therefore I think that if such is the foreign minister's opiulon, which is certainly not hacked by the govemment or the Likud faction, he must draw the necessary con-

## **Urguhart** holds talks in Beirut

clusions," Mr. Sharir said.

BEIRUT, Feb. 13 (R)--United Nations envoy Brian Urquhart talks today with President Sarkis on the situation in ih Lebanon and later icscribed their discussions as excellent.

The U.N. Under-secretary also conveyed a message to the Presfrom Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, reaffirming his deep interest in efforts to restore order in South Lehanon.

Mr. Urquhart said on arrival in Beirut on Sunday he would discuss putting last month's U.N. Security Council resolution 444 into effect. The resolution extended the

mandate of the U.N. Interim Force in Lehanon (UNIFIL) for five months and asked the government to act to restore its authority in the south.

Mr. Urguhart also held talks ioday with Lebanese Prime Minisier Salim Al Hoss and Foreign Minister Fuad Butros. He met Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat

abouts were not known. A spokesman said only that he was strife-torn capital, "in the custody of the gov-He was one of scores of top military officers, secret police and

Iran embassy in

new regime

Amman supports

AMMAN, Feb. 13

(Agencies)-Iran's emhassy to

Jordan today switched

allegiance to the new regime in

Tehran, the official Jordan

It quoted an embassy state-

ment handed out at its offices as

saying that all the embassy staff

News Agency reported.

Bakhtiar's arrest and his where-

As recognition of new regime pours in

Bazargan forms government

uneasy calm returns to Iran

Fotouhar, Both were longstanding opponents of the Shah, senior civil servants held by the warned that it would be a ible for rebuilding the economy. crippled by strikes launched in the

campaign to bring down the monarchy. The five other ministers named were not prominent political figures from the past, but were known to have played significant roles in the opposition movement against the Shah,

Two key appointments to Dr.

Bazargan's government, now

widely recognised abroad, were

Foreign Minister Karini Sanjabi,

74, and Labour Minister Dariush

They were: Mostafa Katirai (Housing) Youssel Taheri (Roads) Kazemi Saami (Health)

Ali-Akhar Moini (Minister of State for Planning and Develop-

Ahmad Sadr Haj Seyed Javadi (Interior) An official spokesman said the

now supported the Islamic revolution in Iran and its leader strikes would end quickly and that Iranian airports would reopen

Deputy Commander Gen. Nader Jahanbani and Gen, Jaafar Sahagat who was war minister in Dr.

Ayatollah Khomeini.

Bakhtiar's government. Israel uproar sparked Officials said Gen. Manoucher Khosrodad, a royalist hawk and head of the army's helicopterborne special forces was also

As more easualties of the weekend fighting died in bospital. doctors put the death toll at more than 1,000 across Iran including 500 killed in Tehran.

Although the atmosphere was considerably calmer, some gunmen were still on the streets.

Firing broke out near the Prime Minister's office. It was not known whether the clash was between pro and anti-Shah supporters or hetween rival revolutionary groups.

Hundreds were queueing to receive weapons from the university mosque, which was guarded by a captured Britishbuilt Chieftain tank. A mullah in charge told a Reuter correspondent that arms would be given only to representatives of movements or official organisations such as ministries.

Ayaıollah Khomeini's appeal also urged young enthusiasts in the capital not 10 attack government buildings including houses and apartments, after several cases of looting by young gunmen posing as revolutionaries were reported.

The Ayatoltah sold his official milina to stop any such attacks and

Official sources said it might be two or three days before regular policemen -- hated by the revolutionary street-fighters as pillars of the, toppled government--were hack on the

The circumstances of Dr. problem for the authorities and Unofficial arrests were another ordinary citizens, as well as the few thousand foreigners in the

> Among those arrested by the official militia to face revolutionary justice were 10 agents of the Shah's political police, Savak, who were taken blindtolded to the Ayatollah's headquarters, a con-

verted Islamic school, They included former Air Force An official there said some arrests could not be confirmed

> so many top generals and ex-senior officials that we cannot keep count." Britain today led western countries in recognising the new regime

because "the people are bringing

Among other countries which signalled recognition were Victnam, North Korea, East Germany, India, Denmark, Cyprus, Brazil and South Yemen.

The Soviet Union announced its recognition of the new government yesterday.

France and Belgium said today they were prepared to cooperate with the new autborities.

The United States today moved towards normal diplomatic relations with Iran and the State Department said no announcement of formal recognition of the new provisional government in

Tehran would be necessary. A State Department spokesman said Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini's government had formed the U.S. embassy in Tehran that Minister Counsellor Assad Homayoun had taken over the running of Iran's emhassy in Washington, Dr. Homavoun replaces Mr. Ardeshir Zahedi, a

close friend and former son-in-law

of the exiled Shah of Iran. An Iranian embassy spokesman said today relations with the U.S. already seemed to be back to

# Jordan recognises new Irani regime

AMMAN, Feh. 13 (Agencies)--Jordan has recognised the new regime in Iran. it was announced here today. The recognition was con-

tained in a message sent by His Majesty King Hussein to Ayatullah Ruhullah Khumeini and a similar message from Prime Minister Mudar Badran to Iranian Provisional Prime Minister Dr. Mehdi Bazargan. In his message, King Hussein wished the Ayatollah "success in your endeavours to accomplish peace, security, stability and the unity of the people."

"Jordan has always worked towards strengthening ties between the Iranian and the Arab nations," the King said. "We will stand by the side of the people of Iran and support

it with all our capabilities," he King Hussein stressed that we share your bopes and aspirations for a promising future in which all wounds will be

In his message, the Prime Minister wished Dr. Bazargan "success in leading the Iranian people towards safety, national unity and security in such a way that the Iranian people's values and heritage will be preserved and its independence will be

strengthened."



rebels at a mosque in Tehran Tuesday, heeding an order by Ayatollah Khomeini to do so. (AP wirephoto)

# Saudi Arabia becomes **ARAMCO's full owner**

RIYADH, Feb. 13 (R)--Saudi Arabia said today it had become full owner of the giant Arabian-American Oil Company (ARAMCO), and the company would receive compensation, the

official Saudi Press Agency said. It said compensation would be based on audited book values of ARAMCO, which for 40 years has been drilling and selling Saudi Arabia's huge oil reserves.

January, 1976, was announced by Dr. Abdul-Hadi Taher, governor of Petromin, Saudi Arabia's petroleum and mineral resources authority. But the announcement said the

The takeover, retroactive to

ownership agreement would be applied from January 1977. Sandi Arabia, the world's top oil exporter, had been negotiating for ARAMCO's 100 per cent

takeover since it acquired 60 per cent participation in June 1974. ARAMCO was made up of four major U.S. companies-Standard.

Texaco, Exxon and Mobil, Dr. Taher made the announcement after the first ARAMCO board meeting to be held in Saudi

A ceremony to sign the agreement will be beld shortly, he said. Under the agreement, ARAMCO will be replaced by a new company called "Saudi National Petroleum Company" (SNPC), which will own and actively supervise all previous ARAMCO operations.

The ARAMCO companies will give administrative and technical inssistance and other specific technical services to an SNPC subsidiary to be called Saudi-ARAMCO Company, Dr. Taher

The ARAMCO companies will continue their various services in exploration, relining and production fields, but control and ownership will be entirely with SNPC, be added. Dr. Taher said Saudi Arabia

was now in the third year of applying the ownership agreement and in time would play a more active administrative role. The financial aspects of

ARAMCO's ownership had been apparent long ago, Dr. Taher said. In Washington, ARAMCO today denied that the proposed takeover of its operations in Saudi Arabia had been formally com-

pleted. A company spokesman said a meeting of the ARAMCO board in Riyadh had not even discussed the Saudi takeover.



Captured officers of the Shah's regime were brought to a news conference late Monday in Tehran. From left they were Air Force Commander General Rabi'i, Tehran Military Gov-

ernor Gen. Mehdi, Air Force Training Commander Gen. Mehaghaghi and former Military Governor of Tabriz Gen. Gholami. (AP

Responsible Editor: MOHAMMAD AMAD Editor: WILLIAM F. LEE Managing Editor: JENAB TUTUNJI Senior Editor:

MAAZ D. SHUKAYR

Board of Directors: JUMA'A-HAMMAD RAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAD MARMOUD AL KAYED

Advertising Manager: FERNANDO FRANCES

Editorial and advertising offices: **IORDAN PRESS FOUNDATION** University Road, P.O. Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

Telephones: 67171-2-3-4 Tix. 1497 Ai Rai JO. Cables: JORTIMES, Amman, Jordan.

The Jordan Times is published daily except Mondays. Advertising and subscription rates are available from the Jordan Times advertising department.

# Paving the way

AYATOLLAH KHOMEINI is consolidating his grip over the affairs of Iran and paving the way for what has been termed the revival of Islam as a practical way of life.

The struggle between former Prime Minister Shahpour Bakhtiar and Khomeini was short-lived. Khomeini's handling of the situation was nothing less than masterful. The outcome goes to show the relative strengths of the combination of religion and nationalism, as against the weaker reformist and liberalising forces, in Third World countries. Mr. Bakhtiar, who seemed to be working for a secular democratic state, lost. His frantic attempts at reform: dissolving the Shah's hated secret service, Savak, and bringing corrupt government officials to trial, were ironically brushed aside as insignificant by the public. Such is the logic of revolution. His rearguard action, "holding on for the last quarter of an hour," to allow passions to cool and liberalising tendencies to emerge before holding new elections for parliament failed. What he might have achieved must remain a mystery.

Khomeini would have been a fool to wait. As a revolutionary he had to press ahead; he gauged the situation with brilliant insight and handled it with consummate skill. He will no doubt fight corruption with greater zeal. and more effectively, than Bakhtiar could have. He has defused the possibility of a military takeover, which Bakhtiar probably could not have done. His vaunted Islamic republic might well evolve a commendable welfare system and reinstitute moral values that were sorely missed.

The vast majority of those who ousted the former regime in Iran were protesting against the dissolution of traditional values, the insignificant role of religion and the lack of conscience among public officials. That is not to say they will all welcome the omnipresence of religion and its intrusion into every aspect of daily life. Theocracies do not tolerate dissent, nor do they place much store by individual liberties which we associate with Western democracies. An Islamic republic may be democratic, but a liberal pluralistic democracy it will not be. Dissent might easily be taken for

The fact that political evolution in Iran has been stunted is not Khomeini's fault. Within the Khomeini-led alliance, and the cabinet that his right band man, Mr. Mehdi Bazargan, has formed, there are members of the National Front who advocate democracy, liberalisation and constitutional reform along Western lines. Their voice may be relatively weak, but they do have Khomeini's ear. What will emerge in the long run is anyone's guess at this

communique on a Middle East peace settlement was issued at a time when the U.S. Defence Secretary Harold Brown was arriving

Broz Tito's visit to Jordan, talks at length about peace; and we suppose that the Defence Secretary knows of it and so also the U.S. Administration, the newspaper says.

of peace in the Middle East, the Jordanian-Yugoslav phraseology that cannot be misinterpreted in any way should be taken into account in the American peace assessments; because these declarations stem from the reality of the Arab-Zionist conflict and deal with aspects of the conflict until a just and permanent peace is achieved in the area.

Warning against a prevailing American idea that a divided Arab World would inevitably lead to a divided solution of the conflict, the newspaper says this idea was disputed by the joint communique which clearly stated that 'any attempt to impose a solution at the expense of the Arab countries and the Palestinian people will only prolong the conflict and increase difficulties in

tour of the Middle East is mainly connected with the policy the U.S. has been adopting for decades. The U.S. secretary knows, more than anybody else, the tremendous American arms supplies and vast American economic, technological and moral assistance to Israel. This support has enabled Israel to expand borizontally and perpendicularly and to increasingly threaten the neighbouring Arah countries, defying the relevant U.N. resolutions and international buman rights, Mr. Hammad writes.

"Let Mr. Brown not imagine one day that he would be able to ride the Arab and Israeli borse at the same time," Mr. Hammad

Dealing with the fast-moving events in Iran AL DUSTOUR says that Feb. 12, 1979, will enter in Iran's history as a "decisive". day in which not only a regime and an epoch were changed but also a way of life, a philosophy of existence and a message of a

The editorial says that this day will have its long-range impact not only in respect to Iran but in respect to the world at large. But, the newspaper continues, if the political and military victory scored by Ayatollah Khomeiny's "revolt" means the end of a race, it also means the beginning of another race more: difficult and more dangerous. It is a race that requires translating a "symbol" into "reality" and a "slogan" into "fact". In short, it is the translation of the revolt into a state disciplined by adequate regulations, laws and institutions.

# Social security to start paying

# benefits to labour in one year

By Ron Cathell Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- Benefits from Jordan's social security scheme won't be felt by labour for at least one year. It will take that long for the new Social Security Corporation to be set up and start paying accident and retirement compensation to workers.

"It will be at least one year before the corporation starts functioning," Under-secretary of the Ministry of Labour, Dr. Jawad Anani, told the Jordan Times yesterday. "If we are lucky, it will start on Jan. 1, 1980."

The social security law was passed on Oct. 16 last year. Board members have been chosen but a director general has not been appointed by the cabinet to bead the new agency.

When the post is filled, which is expected within two weeks, the director general and the board of directors can meet to set the bylaws of the corporation and means of recruiting and training personnel. The agency can then start contacting companies and compiling the mass of information necessary to perform its duries. There will be social security branches throughout the King-

Although 15 people were considered to head the new agency, only one was nominated -- Dr. Jawad Anani. It appears certain that he will be appointed. Already economic development and

By Lee S. Tesdell

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Feb. 13--A U.S. trade

delegation visited Amman during

the past few days to explore

increased trade with Jordan,

sources at the Federation of Jor-

danian Chambers of Commerce

The five-man group on a tour of

Dubai, Saudi Arabia and Jordan

met with Jordanian officials in

Amman. The delegation was

interested in trade in, "industrial

air conditioning, rural elec-

trification, computer equipment

It is the function of the Fed-

eration of Jordanian Chambers of

Commerce to "receive guests and.

plan activities for them," said the

and airport related supplies."

told the Jordan Times today,

the Ministry of Labour has begun a search for someone to replace him as under-secretary.

The new director general will also be deputy chairman of the

The social security law provides for insurance benefits in five different categories, although only the first two will be operative initially. They are: 1) monthly renrement pensions; 2) workrelated accident insurance; 3) unemployment benefits; 4) general bealth insurance; and 5) fam-

Dr. Anani compares social security to pregnancy.

"You can't be just a little bit pregnant," he said. "You either are or you aren't. The same is with social security. You can't just have a little bit. You must have a full programme." Dr. Anani has been involved since the beginning in formulating the social security law. Within five years the social security fund will have assets of JD 50-60 million, he says. Much of this will be used to invest in social projects -- such as housing schemes, consumer cooperatives. for which finance is not otherwise

Dr. Anani believes the social security law to be the most important legislation passed in Jordan in the last five years "because it marks the beginning of socio-

spokesman for the organisation.

from the U.S. Arab Chamber of

Commerce are based in San Fran-

cisco. During their three-day visit

they met with Alia Chairman Ali

Ghandour; Dr. Niimeddin

Dajani, Minister of Industry and

Trade: Mr. Ali Ensour, General

Director of Jordan Electricity

Authority: Governor of the Cen-

tral Bank Dr. Mohammad Said

Nabulsi; officials at the Royal Sci-

entific Society and at the Ameri-

Messrs. Asfour, Fallon, Hudjes,

Cooke and Del Osse. The visiting

Americans were bosted at the

Alia-owned Flying Carpet Club

by Chairman Ali Ghandour on the

first night of their arrival.

Delegation members included

can Embassy.

The members of the delegation

change. Before, we considered the two per cent of the worker's two aspects as different issues. But now we are regarding them

The new law also signifies a break in the traditional paternalistic employer-employee relationship, which will be replaced by contractual employment in which the worker will sell his time or ser-

'The weaker party, the

labourer, is now able to belp himself. He no longer merely receives but also contributes to the social security scheme," he said. 'In the long run, this will lead to a more democratic and dignified system. The retired worker won't receive his pension because he needs it as though it were charity. He will take it because he feels be has earned it, he deserves it." For the first time the worker will be required to contribute to the insurance scheme--the equivalent

of five per cent of his monthly sal-

The new law will provide better end-of-job compensation by introducing monthly retirement pensions in place of lump sum payments. This will prove more valuable to the worker in the long run than receiving a lump sum on retirement, equivalent to one month's salary for each year ofemployment, as provided by the labour law that bas been in force.

For example, after 15 years employment the worker will be able to draw a pension wonh about 30 per cent of his monthly salary. At this rate, after only four vears he would have already received the equivalent of the lump sum payment to which he was enritted under the old scheme. But with the new system, he will of course be able to continue drawing a pension as long as he lives.

The .employer's contribution won't change significantly. He will still contribute the equivalent of

monthly salary, but he will be required to make regular payments to the social security fund instead of paying out lump sums occasionally and investing the insurance premiums for his own profit in the meantime.

This will also benefit the economy, the government feels, by absorbing some of the excess liquidity which is in private hands at present and putting this into productive investments.

Dr. Anani believes social security will also belp stabilise the problem of labour emigration. A large portion of Jordan's labour force has been lured to Europe. North America and the Gulf states where jobs with appealing salaries are readily available.

"If people can be assured of a good meome here, they won't go abroad," he said.

When the social security corporation begins to function, much of its initial compensation payments will be to on-the-job accident victims. If the payments are too high, the corporation will interpret this to mean that more adequate safety regulations are required, and recommend that such measures be taken.

Industry now sometimes finds t cheaper to pay bealth bills than to implement safety features," Dr. Anani said. "But we, as a third party, may see to this differently and take punitive action against those businesses which have a high accident rate."

The corporation may use its authority to raise an employer's social security payment above the normal two per cent of each employee's salary to "maybe fourper cent or more. We hope this would make them consider introducing safety measures. We must give preferential treatment to those taking care of their employees," Dr. Anam said,

# Iranian embassy in Jordan

# declares loyalty to new regime

AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA)-Iranian embassy staff here have announced their support and lovalty to "the people's Islamic revolunon in Iran led by the religious leader Ayatoliah Khomeini."

A statement banded to the Jordan News Agency by an embassy representative said "the wbole staff declare their full solidarity with Dr. Mehdi Bazargan, the first Prime Minister of the Islamic revolutionary government of Iran."

# WHAT'S GOING ON

**Book Exhibit** 

The British Council presents an exhibition of books and periodicals on agricultural education. The exhibition is open during regular hours.

Photo Documentary Exhibit

The French Cultural Centre has a documentary exhibition on display about Georges Sand. Open during regular hours.

German Film

The Goethe Institute presents part II of the film by Eberhard Fechner enritled "Tadelloeser und Wolff" which is based on a novel by Walter Kempowski. The film starts at 8:00 p.m.

Photo Exhibit

The Soviet Cultural Centre presents a photo display commemorating the sixty-first anniversary of the establishment of the Soviet armed forces.

### THREE AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE (Customs Paid)

1971 VW Blue Station Wagon Model 4112 1972 White Peugeot 404 1973 White Peugeot 404

These units will be sold individually to the highest bidder. They will be on display at the Amman Baptist School (near Askan housing development) at the following times only:

Thursday Feb. 15th from 3:00-5:00 Friday Feb. 16th - 8:00 · 4:00 p.m.

A JD 25 refundable deposit is required for each unit at the time the bid is placed. Bids will be accepted until 4:30 p.m. Friday, Feb. 16. At 5:00 p.m. the bids will be opened and the highest bidder informed.

Terms: cash sale with no guarantee as to performance or condition. No telephone calls. accepted.

**Jordan Baptist Mission** 



Her Majesty Queen Noor meets with Minister of Health Abded Referen Al Rawabdeh (to her right), Director of Royal Medical Services as Gen Dawoud Hananiya (to her left) and other officials in Amana Tuesday. The Queen also attended a celebration for children Tuesday in recognition of the anniversary of the Prophet's birilday last Thire.

# Oueen Noor attends. children's celebration

noon attended a celebration held by the Ministry of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs in cooperation with the care for children society at the Hava Arts Centre on the occasion of the Prophet's birthday anniversary.

The function included stage and cultural performances given by some 200 children from various child welfare socienes.

At the end of the ceremony,

which was attended by the minister of awgaf, the Queen distributed presents and prizes.

Queen Noor also chaired a meeting at the Ministry of Health today to discuss matters related to coordination of nursery education in the three nursery schools in

AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA)-Her. Jordan: The meeting was attended Maiesty Oueen Noor this after- by the minister of health and other officials.

# King Hussein receives Lebanese delegation

AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA) His Majesty King Hussem received at the Royal Hashemite Court this evening a delegation from the telepanese Amal (Hope) more ment including member of parliament Mr. Hussein Al Hussein who is the secretary general of the movement, and members Ahand.

Qube is and Ahand ismail.

# Esconomic News Roundut

### W. Germany to loan Jordan 1.5 m. marks

AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA)--Jordan and West Germany exchange here today memos for technical cooperation and aid. The me exchanged by the West German Ambassador to Jordan Dr. Hori Schmidt-Dornedden and the Minister of Transport Ali Subering would grant Jordan a 1.5 million mark loan to finance consultains services for the Aqaba railway corporation and extend for one mo year the term of service of a West German team of specialists work ing for the railway.

Finance minister opens Arab customs committee meeting

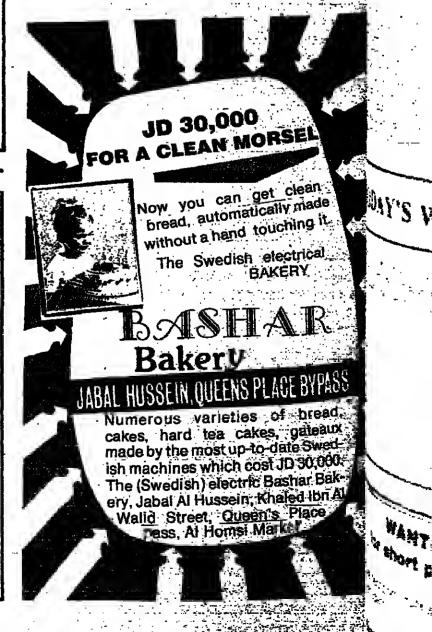
AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA)-Finance Minister Mohammad-Dabba opened here today a meeting of the Arab customs committee former by the Council of Arab Economic Unity. During the ten day meet ings the participants will discuss among other things adoption of unified customs declaration form to be used by council member states; a unified formula to settle customs violations and cases; smuggling; unification of customs tariffs on primary materials and the statutes for a projected union of Arab free zones. Taking parti the meetings are delegates representing Jordan, Syria, Iraq, Palestine, Libya, The Yemen Arab Republic, The Democratic Republics Yemen and Kuwait.

Saudi Arabia to increase capital in Arab Potash Co

AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA)-Saudi Arabia has decided to increase if share in the capital of the Arab Potash Company (APC) by 125.000. With the new participation, total Saudi participation in company's capital will become JD 250,000.

Jordanian manufactured goods to get new label

AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA)-Local factories were requested today in circular issued by the Ministry of Industry and Commerce to attait tags to all manufactured products stating in Arabic that they we made in Jordan. The new measure to be adopted next April exemp products manufactured for export as they can bear the trade man and other information in a foreign language.



# ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

AL RA'I Tuesday notes that the joint Jordanian-Yugoslav

The joint communique, issued at the end of President Josip

Whereas the U.S., since the beginning of President Jimmy Carter's term of office, has shown a special interest in the question

finding peaceful and durable settlement."

Harping on the same note Jum'a Hammad in his daily col-umn "Words" in Al Ra'i says the success or failure of Mr. Brown's

# Letter to the Editor

U.S. trade delegation seeks

increased business with Jordan

Dear Sir.

My attention has been drawn to the editorial in Al Dustour on an alleged statement by Indian Prime Minister Morarii Desai on Arab-Israeli relations reprinted in English in the Arab Press Commentary column of your esteemed newspaper of January 31.

It is wrong to say that Prime Minister Desai has ever called on the Arabs to relinquish the desire to destroy Israel. Prime Minister Desai bas obviously been misquoted and it is possible that some remarks by him regarding the right of all countries in this region to. independent existence and development bave been taken out of context. The Indian prime minister has repeatedly stated that India stands for evacuation by Israel of all occupied Arab territories, recognition and restoration of the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people including the right to form their own national state and the right of all countries to independent existence and development.

> A.G. Goni Ambassadnr of India

Feb. 7, 1979

### NOTICE-TO OUR READERS

JORDAN WEEKLY CALENDAR has resumed publication each Friday on a regular basis. We would like to 'draw our readers' attention to the fact that the Jordan Times must be informed of events to be included in this column well in advance; the deadline is 12:00 noon Thurs-

This is to ensure that all events for the following week are listed, as they will continue to be listed--without charge-daily under WHAT'S GOING ON.

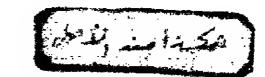
### **INVITATION FOR TENDER**

To supply and install audio-visual equipment including public address and simultaneous language translation system as well as projection equipment

Qualified interested parties may receive a copy of the specifications from the offices of Diran & Bitar Consulting Engineers · Second Circle · Jabal Amman. against a non-refundable fee of JD 15.

The tenders should be returned before 11th

March, 1979. Amman Chamber of Commerce.



# American to shed light on little known epoch in Aleppo's history

By Pat McDomoell cial to the Jordan Times

Minister of Health, man who hopes to produce a sand other and definitive work on the late. and other office definitive work on the late celebration for the thin and early 19th centuries of

Marice Menwether arrived in na last September for one year

ria last September for one year dissertation research as a Fuldissertation research as a Fulpartment of the University of partment of the University of the University of the University of the University of the Un atha'iq Al-Ta'rikhiyya Museum

Damascus, she explained.

Damascus, she explained. Ih the original sources, to actureceipt be thumbing through records it are 200 years old."

AMMAN Feb : Mangesty King How the Reval Haten Lebencie And &

which the secretary

Petura

31. 151 10 11

2178 to 100 2000

per a legical

eten megalice

the are 200 years one.

It are 200 years one.

Meriwether does indeed the original Arabic texts-she and the original Arabic texts-she are study of

Will role of women in Jordan Outrest and Almishape social change?

> By Serene R. Farraj pecial to the Jordan Times

1MAN, Feb. 13--The probs and challenges to face Jordan the coming decade of social inges will be marked by an era urbanisation and induslisation, a lecturer from Jordan I Jordan 1.5 m er Wheel today.

n his talk "Jordan's Social han and West 0- allenges in the 1980's". Dr. t goorgranon markit Ayoubi addressed the wives 1 Ambus act : Lhe Rotarians during their Inner limistor of Transpricel bi-weekly meeting at the n mark .com wies ercontinental Hotel. The meet-

reportation and team of seasons.

See German team of seasons.

Or. Ayoubi said the coming years will bring a Arab custom iod of hectic development that shift Jordan's social roots out he countryside and villages to

now Manage Was First, we will enter into an era the Arm Parlamenth his country were born or grew in Country will towns, half a same in Jordanians will be born in to n fordamans will be born in the coming ten years.

the country will not have their roots in the country, as we do, but rather in Ar at Man Man Cities. Our material developresearch a torest and, until now, has moved faster grable freiteren our psychological developnt. But in the 1980's we will

g capital in Arablogically," he said. The second major change Jorı will experience, Dr. Ayoubi J, is a transformation into a when here such that here were the such that here were the such that the rking in mines, manufacturing. iking, insurance, and health red gands to 1 education services. But Jor-

will not become a heavily ... ustrial country because of high early cost and a small labour with waters a st While most Jordanians fifty

rs ago were bedouins and vilthey Will ers by 1989 city workers and office ployees." Dr. Ayoubi said. The third major social impact I be bureaucratisation. The most dominant organ-

tion in our society was the famand the tribe; but these tradunits will weaken and mal bureaucratic organisations became dominant," Dr. oubi said. More and more of r time is taken by organisations said.

TODAY'S WEATHER

WANTED

for short period,

Two or three bedroom furnished apartment in Jabal

Please contact tel. 41994.

classical Arabic under her belt, two of which were spent in Cairo. "I've been trained to read legal MASCUS An obscure and historical documents," she rind of Syrian history is being confessed, but if I were to try to earthed by a young American read a classical Arabic poem. I'm read a classical Arabic poem, I'm

afraid I would be totally at sea. "The handwritten script varies markedly between each of the four courts that were extant in Aleppo during the early 19th century. Sometimes the calligraphy is very clear, sometimes it's very difficult to dicipher, but it's exciting

Why did she select the 1770s to 1830s for her dissertation?

work."

"When I was ready to begin my dissertation, I realised that in terms of history there was very littie material on the first three decades of 19th century Syria.

"In general, most histories of the modern Middle East make assumptions on the 18th and 19th centuries-they dismiss whatever changes took place to the impact

and less and less by the family."

Dr. Ayoubi said that these

forces will make the family

smaller, and extended families will

be less important than before.

Urban life, while having several

advantages, will generate more

loneliness and less personal

busy, less sentimental, and the

pace of life faster. The city dep-

rives people of close physical con-

tact with the earth, plants, animals

and in many cases, clean air. Such

a loss cannot be replaced," he

ground helped create a set of val-

ues, customs, and beliefs that

aided, protected and encouraged

the individual and provided him

with a measure of security. Will we

be able to replace our customs

with new ones adapted to an

urban, industrial and bureauc-

ratised society? This will be a

Women in the 1980's will play a

greater role in all aspects of life.

For the first time in our history,

must mothers in the 1980's will

aware of the world around them

because of increased mobility and

the mass media," Dr. Ayoubi said.

ing a smaller family, women will

have more time to work and do

other activities. Women now con-

stitute about ten per cent of our

labour force. Dr. Ayoubi said in

the coming ten years, one would expect this figure to rise to at least

20 per cent. With more financial

income, women will have a

stronger role in society as a whole

and within the family" he said.

However, the role women will

play in active public life will grow

slowly because men will make it

difficult for women to share

in the 1980's will be how to strike

a balance between the world of

work and the family, and be suc-

cessful in both. The direction that

our society will take in the 1980's

will be determined by the role of

women. What women do in the

1980's as mothers, wives, man-

agers, workers and leaders, will

shape generations of Jordanians in

the next century," Dr. Ayoubi

Daytime

maximum 22

28

26 24

minimu

10

14

15

"The main challenge for women

Being more educated and hav-

"Our village and desert back-

"People will tend to be more

interaction.

caused by Western influences. In rivalry between the Ottoman govde eggs niore than six years study of ... the Middle East before the 19th ernor and the army which was compounded by resistance from Syrian nationals. In 1819, a major nationalist rebellion was crushed by Ottoman forces in Aleppo. Simultaneously, Aleppo was struck by a series of natural disasters," she said, "Periodic plagues devastated the city. Then in

> ground...many were not rebuilt until the 1880." "The chronicles state there was significant decline in population at this time as well."

1822 a severe earthquake shook

most of its major structures to the

tions to be aucstionable.

break occurred in the history of

Aleppo. That's when the Egy-

plians invaded all Syria and sig-

Ibrahim Pasha--why not find out

Ms. Meriwether noted that the

beginning point of her study coin-

cides with a period of tansition for

Aleppo. In the 1770s, the British

stopped shipping their silk from

In addition to the decline in

what else was occuring?

Persia through Aleppo.

tle known period.

In reference to the chronicles, Ms. Meriwether explained much of her work is to see if these materials jibe with court documents. "What are chronicles?", the Jordan Times inquired.

Chronicles are chiefly biographical dictionaries and historical compilations," she answered, "Unforunately, very few newspapers have been preserved for Aleppo of the period I'm researching. What I must rely upon as contemporary reporting are historical summaries and biographical dictionaries--the nearest modern analogy is an almanac--which list short biographies of persons who died during a given year.

Of course, these are subjective because it was the writer who decided what person was worthy of heing included. Since the chronicles were generally pre-pared by religious scholars, the individuals mentioned usually had religious connections." A typical work day for Ms.

Meriwether, who lives with a Syrian family in the Bub Touma area of Old Damascus, is to spend the mornings in the museum arehives building in Souk Saruja, then to devote her afternoons to not only be literate, but also more reading chronicles in the French Institute library.

"It's necessary to go over my notes each evening because if I've misspelled a name or not written sufficient descriptions, it would be a monumental task to find the specific information six months from now. It would be impossible once I've left Syria."

century that I find these assump-Ms. Meriwether enthusiastically praises the Serian Depan-"What I'm trying to do is find ment of Museums and Antiout what Middle Eastern quities: "It has given me the societies--specifically that of utmost in cooperation; I find the Aleppo--were like during this litauthorities here much more help-Iul than in Caire. 'Around 1832 a very important

The documents she is dealing with are for the large part devoted to property sales.

During the Ottoman period, nificantly altered political and judges served more or less in the social history. But instead of statsame capacity as what we know ing that all these changes were today as notary publics," she caused by events taking place durexplained, ing the reign of the Egyptian

The papers I'm dealing with give me no idea of the penal system--they solely concern lifigation on money onced. However, I did run across one case in which a man had been imprisoned for unpaid debts, but he was later released because his dependents had no source of income other thau lum.

commerce, the period was a polit-The documents also register ically turbulent one due to the inheritances and divorces, Marriage contracts are almost nil except for those of Christians--"I have no idea why Muslim records are omitted," she said,

Although it is too early in her research to draw conclusions, Ms. Meriwether notes that frequently, upon the death of the male head of the house, the widow was named executor of the estate for minor children...nor the elder brother of the deceased,

"At this point, I'd say the economic rights of children were carefully safeguarded. If an urphaned child was left property, the judge approved a deed of sale of the minor's holdings only when was proved necessary for his financial support,"

Ms. Meriwether hopes that through her exhaustive research of property sales she will be able to discern what types of property were being sold in specific areas of



Marlee Mcriwether is at home in Damascus as she heads for the National Museum archives daily to research Aleppo history of the 18th and 19th centuries.

Coming & Going

**Tourism director returns** from Madrid

Ministry of Justice official leaves for S.Korea

AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA) -- Director General of Tourism Michael Hamarneh returned here today from Madrid after representing Jordan at a meeting of the tourist rights committee of the World Organisation for Tourism. The 12-nation committee includes Jordan and Lehanon as representatives of the Middle East member countries of the organisation.

AMMAN, Feb. 13 (JNA)--A two-man delegation led by the Under-secretary of the Ministry of Justice Hani Rifa'i left for Scoul, South Korea, today to take part in the week-long meeting of the African-Asian legal affairs committee which will start next Mon-

day. Participants are expected to

discuss marine and ecology laws as

well as international trade trans-

actions and arbitrarion to solve

problems connected with them.

APARTMENT FOR RENT

A large apartment consisting of four bedrooms, large reception room, sitting/dining room, office, kitchen, three enclosed verandas and large modern kitchen with central heating. Second storey Phone and private entrance.

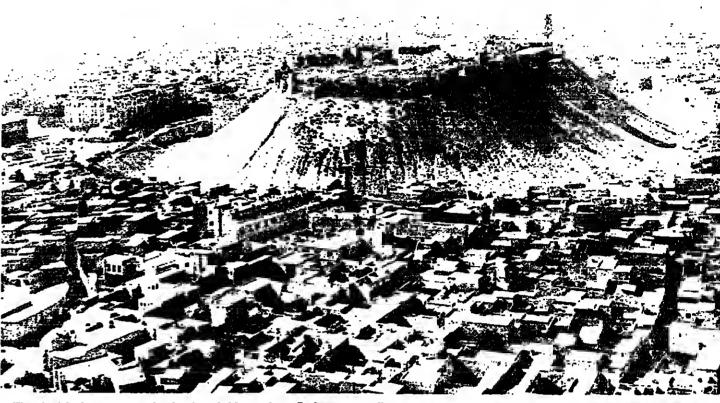
Location: Opposite City Supermarket Price: JD 3,500 per year.

Please contact tel. 67349.

SECRETARY REQUIRED

An Arab secretary (male or female) is needed for full time employment, to handle usual secretarial work. Should be very efficient in typing English. Salary negotiable.

Write to: POB 2832, Amman, with photo and



The citadel of Aleppo, the focal point of this northern Syrian metropolis, about which Marlee Meriwether is preparing a doctoral dissertation covering the late 18th and early 19th centuries. (Photo by Marwan Musilmani).

From this, I hope to arrive at socio-economic-demographie changes occurring in Aleppo over 60-year period.

A few of the questions she is

How was the social structure modified from the 1770s to the 1831Is in terms of who owned

What kind of property was valued highly and was being sold--housing, businesses, horses. clothing? Is it possible to determine what

individuals had wealth and power

Did the people who were wealthy in the 1770s retain their wealth 60 years later or is there a trend toward social mobility--are new families influential in the

"Hopefully, my dissertation will

focus on the different groups and families that coexisted in Aleppo and what their inter-relationships "Again, it's rather early to state

this, but it seems that families mentioned in the early documents tend to fade and new names to occur. My task is to discover if the family died out or if this was a demographic change. If these are actually new families, I must determine their origins.

The documents allow me to pinpoint the relative value of a residence as compared to a khan or individual shop. Prices indicate the property values of a city.

"A series of trade networks were opened for Aleppo when it was annexed by the Ottoman Empire. Until the arrival of the Turks, the frontier with Anajolia had been closed, Aleppo was obliged to orient its trade to the south or east. With the arrival of

the Turks, business flourished with Istanbul and Europe. The each quarter was located by t Ottoman rule was turbulent, but it fostered trade for Aleppo.

Meriwether notes that she cannot detect any Turkish attempt at cultural colonisation. "I think the court documents are the best proof of this--they

were written in Arabic, not Turkish. The administration very definitely was in the control of the Turks, but the local population was allowed to function in its native language and script.

"Granted, if a wealthy Syrian family wants its sons to achieve, it sent them to Istanbul for their education so that they'd be eligible for judgeships or other important posts.

Ms. Meriwether says she's daily learning residential geography of extant in Aleppo-if you sear

"Now I can determine whe Christian, Kurd, Muslim and Je ish names recorded.

Many parts of Old Aleppo a In all objectivity, Ms. well preserved," she said, "pa ticularly the areas north and sou of the souk. Pockets of the C City were destroyed by roai government buildings construct in the late I 9th and early 20th ce turies all but devastated the ar south of the citadel.

Within the city walls, I essential parts of the old Christi quarter have been preserved, b many marvellous old dwellings: threatened because they've be turned into schools.

"I would recommend that I visitor to Aleppo explore the c labelled as tourist attractio

khans, particularly the ones t There is a wealth of antiquity s

LOCAL

**EXCHANGE** 

RATES

U.S. dollar U.K. sterling 297.00/299.00 595.00/599.00 160,20/161,20 West German Swiss franc 178.40/179.50 French franc 69.80/70.20 Italian lire for every 1001 35.50/35.70 (for every 100) 149.00/149.90 148.20/149.10 Dutch guilder Belgian franc 101.80/102.40 (for every ten) 68.20/68.60

Swedish crown

Amman Stock Exchange Report Selling Buying NAME OF COMPANY Price value Traded Offer Offer Jordan Petroleum Co. JD 5.000 2,008 6.560 6.570 6.570 Jordan Cement Factories JD 10.000 2,116 14,400 14.400 Jordan-Kuwait Bank 1.760 JD 1.000 1.700 1.408 1.760 Jordan Electricity Co. JD 1.000 1,440 1.320 1.340 1.320 Al Ezdihar Insurance Co. JD 1.000 1,473 1.070 1.070 Arab Investment Rank JD 1.000 107 1.050 1.080 Arab Chemical Detergents Industries Co. JD 1.000 101 1.010 Cairo-Amman Bank 6.550 JD 5.000

Total volume traded, Tuesday, Feb. 13: JD 11,253 Total number of shares traded: 4,332

nt Development Bonds	JD 5.000 JD 5.000 JD 5.000 JD 5.000	1,054 500 126 787	210 97 25 154	1979 1980 1982 1986	5.020 5.160 5.065 5.115
	JD 5.000		787	787 154	787 154 1986

Total volume traded: JD 2,467

### **DINNER PARTY** You will enjoy the most delightful evening at the Pro-

fessional Complex Club, Shmeisani. Luxurious dinner; valuable presents and prizes; discotheque Cloud Seven. To the tunes of Arab and western dance music and songs, you will spend the most wonderful even-

Reservation in advance at: Professio > Complex, Shmeisanl Tel. 66161 or personally at Hasweb Stores, Basman Street; Studio Garo, Basman Street; Horse Shoe Restaurant and Paradise Restaurant, Shmeisani.

Party on Thursday Feb. 15, 1979 at 8:00 p.m.



WHO PLAYS THE PIANO **ANO SINGS NIGHTLY** 

AT THE SUNKEN LOUNGE

FROM 630 TO 10.30 p.m. FOR RES: CALL.65168

# NOTICE

From Jordan Electricity Authority

Regarding Tenders For **South Jordan Transmission Development - Stage I** 

Electricity Authority, announces the availability of tender documents for south Jordan Trans mission Development Stage 1, tender no. 28/78:

Design, manufacture, testing, delivery, erection commission and maintenance for twelve months of transformers and associated equipment for five new substations in Qatrana, Karak, Ghor Safi, El-Hasa, and Rashadiya.

One set of tender documents can be obtained from either:

**Jordan Electricity Authority Administration Depts. Complex** 5th Circle - Jabal Amman

Preece Cardew & Rider

**Paston House** 165-167 Preston Road Brighton BN 1 - 6 AF Sussex - England.

at a non-refundable amount of JD 60 or £100 for each se of this tender. Tenders are to be returned to the:

Jordan Electricity Authority Head offices at 12 noon on 30/4/79



weather will continue to be warm with medium and high suds and winds light and variable becoming at times southeasterly oderate. In Aqaba Gulf there will be northerly moderate.

imperatures:

imman or Shmisani.

FLAIDE. Australia-A lead-Australian agronomist says ng research and post-graduate ning linkages should be estabed between Australia and ntries of the Middle East and

Ar. Edward D. Carter, a senior turer in agronomy at the Waite ricultural Research Institute, in lelaide. South Australia, has de this recommendation as a asultant to the newly formed ternational Centre for Agriculal Research in the Dry Areas ain research and training centres th a secretariat in Beirut, Leba-

In his report to ICARDA Mr. rter says Australia, and parularly its southern regions, have great deal of expertise, equipent and experience of analogous plogical situations to offer the

He suggests that those countries ould send their graduates in riculture to South Australia to idy soils and climatic conditions pilar to their own and that goviments of the region might opt the corrective policies iich have proved effective in

Mr. Carter has visited the Mid-

dle East and North African region five times since 1973 at the invitation of CIMMYT (the international centre for grain research in Mexico), the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation and the World Bank.

In 1977, to prepare his report on the agricultural potential of the area for ICARDA, he travelled more than 20,000 km by car in Algeria, Tunisa, Lihva, Jordan, Syria, Iraq, Turkey, Iran and Afghanistan.

He says that many of the lessons learned by Australia in the past CARDA), which is establishing 100 years could apply to the arid range land, steppe, the semi-Aleppo, Syria and Tabriz, Iran. steppe and adjacent cereal cropping zones of the countries he has

"Accordingly, South Australia in particular has much to offer in the science and technology of land clearing, ullage practice and pasture improvement (especially the potential use of self-generating pasture legumes) as well as the general techniques relating to cereal and livestock production and iotergranon of these enter-

"In learning from its mistakes, Australia has developed a deliberate policy of reducing both livestock numbers and human settlement in its arid and semi-arid areas," Mr. Carter says.

In his report to ICARDA he notes that there is an increasing concern in the other arid lands at the deficit in food production, despite national agricultural development programs and aid from bilateral and multilateral

agencies. "Not only has there been a deficit in the production of buman food, but also a rapidly increasing deficit in livestock feed in most countries of the region;" he says.

Mr. Carter says these deficits are the consequence of a rapid increase in both human population and livestock numbers in the past 30 years. Most Governments of the reg-

ion have recognised these agricultural problems, according to Mr. Carter, and have taken sleps to achieve national self sufficiency in cereal production.

"While there have been some spectacular improvements in cereal production, some of these advances have been at the expense of the pasture-livestock sector, which in most countries has been grossly neglected."

Mr. Carter explains that, to counter similar mistakes in Australia, there has been a gradual retraction from semi-arid and marginal cereal-growing areas to zones receiving more assured rainfall.

"Similarly, the most reliable method of preserving the protor," Mr. Carter says. ductivity of the arid range land steppe zones is to reduce the livestock numbers and human set-

tlement in these areas." "This can be done by providing alternative sources of livestock feed, that is by greatly increasing pasture and forage crop production in the traditional rainfed and irrigated crop zones and higher rainfall areas of the region.

There is great potential for increasing both livestock and crop production in the region while, at the same time, reducing grazing. pressure on the steppe, and eliminating the serious water erosion problems of much of the cereal-producing areas and higher-rainfall hill country."

Mr. Carter says the outstanding rural problem of the region is the disastrous deterioration of national resources.

"This has meant the decline throughout the area of useful arable land through erosion caused by reckless cultivation and through soil salinity; the decline of range land through uncootrolled culnivation, consequent devastation and desert encroachment: and the decline in range land productivity through over grazing and consequent denudation, aggravated by removal of grass, shrubs and trees for fuel.

"These three components of the degradation of national resources are closely interrelated and result from the rapid rise in human population and livestock numbers.

"There is an inadequate level of national investment in agriculture

and a gross neglect of the pasture-range land-livestock sec-

He warns that until agriculture receives a higher percentage of national investment, deficits in buman food and livestock feed, and the consequent devastation of both crop and grazing land, are likely to continue.

In spite of what be calls "this gloomy picture", there is clear evidence of a potential for greatly increasing livestock feed by the widespread sowing of pasture and forage-crop legumes on fallow lands in the traditional rainled and irrigated cropping areas, and for improvement in the levels of soil nitrogen and yields of subsequent cereal crops.

There is also considerable potential to improve pasture productivity through use of phosphatic fertilizer in the humid zones of the region.

He says legumionous pastures and forage crops should increase levels of soil organic matter, and improve soil structure and filt-

Mr. Carter points out that properly managed, a dense stand of annual legumes will control weeds through competition and through livestock grazing.

There should also be substantial increases in cereal yields as a consequence of the improved soil fer-

The clear implication from this," Mr. Carter addes, "is that the grazing pressure on the range lands can be greatly reduced, thus allowing slow rehabilitation of



This strange feature inside a Martian carter is the subject of a special study by scientists at the Jet Propulsion Laboratory in California. Although nicknamed "White Rock," its composition is unknown. The researchers have determined it is not ice or snow because

of its equatorial location. Measuring 14 by kilometres, the feature was first seen by Mariner-9 in 1972. This higher resolution mosaic is from pictures returned this fall in the Viking Orbiters launched from Florida in 1975. (ICA)

# Violence from war toys?

Deutsches Allgemeines Sonntags-

By Anneliese Steinhoff

Although the Bundestag has rejected a motion to ban the manufacture and sale of toy weapons in West Germany, many teachers, psychologists, and parents would like to see them forced off the market.

The Treaty of Versailles banned the manufacture of toy weapons in post-World War One Germany, but it was resumed in the 1930s when it was thought desirable to provide children with an enemy figure, thus preparing them in the playground fot war.

After World War Two, war toys were again banned and it was 1956 when they reappeared in the

In 1976, Radio Vatican called for the disarmament of children, saying it was grotesque to worry about rising juvenile crime while creating enthusiasm for toy weapons.

It is part of the magic of firearms that they give the feeling: "I am on the back. the greatest, the strongest, master

of life and death." This showing off and egoboosting is part of the appeal of toy weapons. Adults who otherwise pay no attention to me, reasons the child, are frightened by my cap pistols.

These toys require no learning. no imagination, and no perse- also disappears. Toy weapons do ability to pull the trigger. They behaviour or initiative and are give no feeling of happiness and therefore anti-social and harmful.

develop personal relations. War many every year, 75 per cent are

by the lowest form of human relations: violence.

Everything surrounding these toys evokes violence. The gun muzzle of the small Leopard tank, painted a martial grey-green and remote controlled, lights up with the threatening red of rapid fire when aimed at tin soldiers. The boy shouts with joy: "They've had

Meanwhile, dive bombers attack a group of men in a jeep, and the child rejoices with the comment: "That lot's kicked the bucket."

Miniature soldiers in handto-hand combat are shifted towards each other and topple ("that one's got his belly full of lead.")

These toys come in cartons with everything needed to re-enact World War Two battles involving the German Wehrmacht. There is, for instance, the soldier to be dressed and armed with a submachine gun by the boy. Some manufacturers supply card games with the latest military bardware

· Father argues that this enables the child to let off steam, but psychological research disproves the catharsis theory.

Experiments show that playing with weapons makes children more aggressive, but as soon as they are removed from sight, the desire to fight, kill, and destroy

But there is physical danger as Tools, instruments, or ball well. Of the 500,000 accidents games, on the other hand, belp involving children in West Ger-

This article is reprinted from the games, however, are dominated eye injuries caused by firearms, spears, arrows, and other martial

> What can be done about the seduction of our children by the toy industry? The Bundestag motion to ban the manufacture and sale of war toys was turned down because legislation would violate the constitutional right to engage in business. The state assumes that the citizen is guided by common sense and responsibility.

But many realistic people, among them educationalists, psychologists, social workers and mothers, consider penalising the sale and manufacture of tov weapons, -- for instance by special taxation-as both possible and desirable.

It is unlikely that the toy industry will voluntarily stop making and selling a highly profitable line. The president of the association of toy manufacturers has made it quite clear that the industry intends to produce what the market wants.

He distinguishes between mult ary and ideological toys, saying that the latter are not made in West Germany. The German toy trade imports

war toys with swastikas from Japan and Britain. Figures of World War Two military leaders and politicians are mostly made in Austria.

The only way of combating this trend is not to buy. Watching chilverance. All that is needed is the not promote cooperative dren in toyshops, it seems that they are not interested in military toys. They reach for sophisticated technical toys, building sets, airliners, cars, telephones, and popu-

lar TV puppets. There is fierce international

competition among toymakers and it is likely to intensify as the. post Pill-gap generation becomes the target. Of Germany's 20 most impor-

tant manufacturers, ten are foreign-owned. The East bloc countries and

some Asian nations (Hong Kong and Taiwan) can sell at much lower prices due to low wages. The necessity to come up with

something new is particularly pronounced in the toy business. New toys fire the imagination of children who get more toys than they need. World War Two toys have found a niche in the market, being bought by thoughtless and nostalgic fathers, uncles and aunts, But why do some children enjoy playing with weapons? And why should this have anything to do with family atmosphere? It is a truism that a child experiences the world as his parents do. An intolerant, explosive and beligerent mostly mysteries, westerns at family atmosphere can put pres- war movies, with astrocuous family atmosphere can put pressure on children - for instance, if shooting and brutality.

busy parents forget that their child This is borne out by daily seen 2 144 and weak and therefore unable to at a startled middle-aged women do certain things expected of him. Many parents are unable to slow down the pace required of them at

to be quiet. This creates fear, desperation and anger in the child. And when be vents his aggressions by refusing to talk, kicking his mother in the shins, or scratching father's car he gets a hiding. The only place where he can ler off steam. unpunished is the playground, and

talk, groping for words, he is told

be does it by playing with guns.

our to get the better of a another and violence is one was Only a few schools have seen it that children learn fairness it.

to help one another... Of course, there will always ! fights among children, but the need not be vicious. Very blen w can recognise the TV western c last night in the playground gam

of today. Some TV scenes are so excini that the pent-up emotions cy of to be vented in imitations and games. Children also identifying the man wielding the grir because

he is seen as successful.

Researcher Professor Hai

Mieskes of Giessen Universität said: "Our efforts to bring sain into children's play are thwart

by television.". Children are allowed to stare: a TV screen for hours, watchin

in our streets: A boy points his giand fires. The woman, stume first, smiles at the boy, trying show that she is a friend, But it work and when a child wants to boy does not return the smile; runs off to repeat the performan with a pensioner who, shocked first, starts to chide him. But has run off to scare some off

unwary passer-by On one corner a gang of he engage in an orgy of shoots. Cowboys with Winchesters # ..... Indians with muzzleloaders a bows and arrows. A sheriff sheet from the bip and Mafia gangs Why is there so much shooting tote pistols a la Belmondo. Even in our schoolyards? Children are body shoots at everybody and

# AMMAN MARKE BIP LACE

# HOTELS



RESTAURANTS

MANDARIN

CHINESE RESTAURANT

Near Maxim Circle. Here you can enjoy the Mandarin Chinese cuisine. Open daily from 12:4-3 to 4:90 and 6:00 to midnight. For take home food orders please call 25788.



Mr. Carter at the Waite Agriculture Research Institute

FURNITURE

LET AD DAR FURNISH YOUR HOME OR OFFICE TURN KEY" FROM OUR SUPERB IMPORTS CHOSEN TO SUIT EVERY TASTE &. BUDGET.



TRANSPORTATION



**JORDAN** EXPRESS CO.

PACIFING & CRATING AIR & SEA FREIGHT TRAVEL & TOURISM KING HUSSEIN ST., PO.B. 2143 TEL. 22565, 21778, 38141

NATIONAL RENT-A-CAR

SHEPHERD HOTEL Tel. 39197



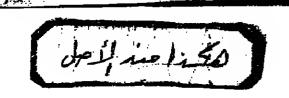


EYES EXAMINED CONTACT LENSES (Hard & Soft)

Jordan Intercontinental fate 42043

N SOUNJ





17 Upcoming

21 Level 23 Cocksure

25 Medicinal

plant

26 "Ici on

27 Skillful,

30 Tricks

32 Storage

33 Alliance

letters

35 Came acro

36 Peggy or Pinky

40 Manet and

Monet

42 Egyptian

45 State of

the -47 Rostrum

49 Release 51 Student

group 52 Expeditiou

53 Vegetable

extract

old style

location. Measuring

feature was fry

it that the are e

N. 3. 18. 25

WAR TO LAST 46 TO

fant bight in Bete-

Science IV scene

that the testage

Lance of Lance Co. PV 1257 050

12.7

المسترين

marin (Ar.)

toto Emigin

to

22

. .

----

3.7

01/1/2/5

972. This higher b

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, FEB. 14, 1979

# rom the CARROLL RIGHTER INSTITUTE

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to handle routine business and personal matters early so you will have more free time for more important affairs later. Allow time to make plans for the days ahead.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Getting your surroundings in fine shape is wise now. Take health treatments so that you can accomplish more in the future.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Try to build a more stable structure to all your affairs and feel more secure in the future. Put your finest talents to work.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) You are able to handle business matters in a most sensible way now, so get husy early. Express your gratitude to higher-ups.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) You have to economize more now if you wish to be free of financial worries in the future. Be more cooperative with others. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Find the best solution to any

financial problems you may have and they are sooo behind you. Set up a more workable budget. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You are able to do well

where personal matters are concerned now, so coocentrate on the more important. Think constructively. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Take time to confer with a

business expert before making an investment of any kind. Be careful of outsiders at this time. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Your friends can be of

aszistance to you in gaining your most cherished personal aims now. Let your intuition guide you. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) You want to expend and you should spend this day studying just how to

do so. Become more interested in civic affairs. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Put that plan to work that will help you to grow in busioess as well as in social activities. Making oew contacts of worth is easy now.

pictures returned to AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study your obligations lers lauoched front and know exactly how best to take care of them now. Strive for increased happiness.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Listening carefully to the views of associates helps pave the way for a more successful operation in future. Keep oo your toes.

### desimg with same BY CHARLES H. COREN AND OMAR SHARIF

to help of curry à 1978 by Chicago Tribune tagets offer, a North-South vulnerable. need not be and outh deals.

NORTH-+ AJ 108 ♥ Q 532 to be visited WEST

games Chatter 1 7.65. the matthe 2:2.10 ..... 7 J76 h . . . . . . . . K Q 9 8 7 3 0 10 4 Research WATZ Market Hotel SOUTH

State of the charge + Q.9 OAK 984 052

♣ K 10 9 6

Calabret and a 11 com " he bidding: wants west outh West North East Pass Pass Pass
To be peoing lead: King of O.

The English bridge maga oe, "Popular Bridge onthly," now uses bulk airail to reach its Americao the discribers. An annual sobriptioo is \$17, and it cao be dered through Bridge orld, 39 West 94th St., ew York, N.Y. 10025. This agazioe is ao excelleot  $-3.92 \times 10^{-13}$ uropeao tourozmeots and intains many fine iostrucve articles oa bidding and Inc.a. ay. Today'a haod is taken Carried States om ao "Improve Your Play" ticle which appeared in a

ceot issue. are hed special North's hand is worth 14 fints in support of hearta. showed his strength by aking a jump raise, but outh could do no more than

carry on to game. West led the king of diamonds. Declarer might have allowed this to win, hut he was afraid that West started with a seveo-card suit and that East would ruff the continuation, so he went up with dummy's ace. On the queen of trumps declarer took care to unblock the eight - the importance of this play will be seen later. The ace and king of hearts cleared trumps, and declarer

West took the queen of diamonds and shifted to a spade. A careless declarer would have finessed, which would have been fatal. East would win the kiog and shift to clubs for a one-trick set. But our South was made of steroer stuff.

my's jack.

He rose with the ace of spades and discarded the queen of spades on the jack of diamoods. Now he led the jack of spades from dummy. If East played low, declarer would simply discard a club. West woold be welcome to wio the kiog, but dummy's remaining apades would take care of two more of declarer's clubs, and the defenders coold get only one club trick.

West, however, covered the jack of apades with the king, and declarer ruffed with the nine. Now he led hia carefully preserved four of hearts to dummy's five, and he could cash two high spades for his contract. In all, declarer loat only one diamood trick and two clubs.

### A child's best medicine



When a child goes to hospital many doctors feel daily visits by its parents are the best medicine. A number of hospitals in West Germany have adopted the roomiog-in idea, which is steadily finding favour with doctors and politicians. A mothers' pressure group is particularly keen on campaigning for mothers to be allowed to room in with a hospitalised child. These mothers also visit other children in hospital when their parents are unable to du so for work or health reasons. (DaD photo)

# THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles one letter to each square, to form HUDCY DONSY **DESAUB** PLANTER THOUGHT HIS WORKERS WERE. OGYOM Now arrange the circled letters to

gasted by the above cartoon. Print answer here: A

Yesleiday's

Jumbles: HEAVY TRULY DUGOUT IMPEDE Answer: The best way to be sitting-PRETTY

HERE'S THE WORLD WAR I

Flying ace soaring over THE FRONT LINES IN HIS SOPWITH CAMEL







Andy Capp

Peanuts











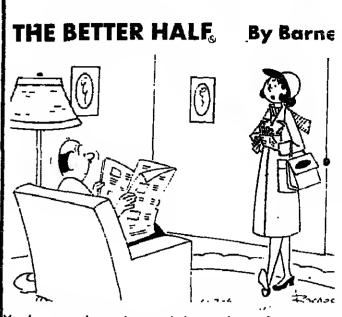
Flintstones

WHAT









You're not the only one who makes mistakes. Ex the bank teller insisted I was overdrawn."

Choir voice

63 Made out

65 Gather no

64 Festive

66 Rocky

pinnacle 67 Unlocks

litigious

DOWN

1 — up ten-

the wind

3 Transparent

liven)

2 Straw in

68 Waxes

# THE Daily Crossword by William Newland

34 Gentle one 35 Courage 37 Broke fast 52 Slyboots quality 56 Diminutive 38 Sun and 61 Double

3 Eastern VIP 39 Adjective 4 Leave out ending 40 Cordage 16 Have second

42 Induce harmony 43 Landed 20 Unappreci-44 Stonecrop 46 Still 47 Dancer's

22 Office VIP 24 Overhang 25 To one side 28 Is com-31 Greek

ACROSS

Panoply

10 Reporter's

5 See 5D

query

15 GI meal

18 Ready

19 Rascals

thoughis

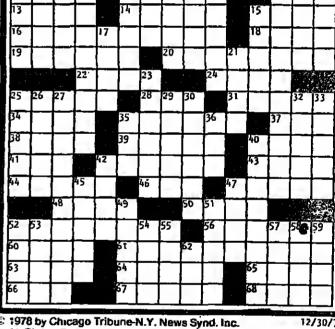
milieu 48 Organic

compound 50 Read elec-Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

OT book (with 5A) 6 Muhammad 7 Certain skirt 8 "East of 9 Suiting 10 Certain deer

11 Emulate 12 Is bound

54 Horse-tradi 55 Food fish 57 Biblical pronoun 58 Animate 59 Vous -



All Rights Reserved

# JT & ABOUT

RESTAURANT

Inst Circle, John Amman, near the Abijah School or CMS. Tel. 39968. A lipen daily from noon to 3:30 p.m. and :00 p.m. to midnight,

LUICK | EAL

Jahal Ammun First Circle Tel.21083. Jahal Hussein behand Jeruse Tel. 21781. Jahel Luweihich Hawooc Cincle Tel. 30646, Zarqa Cincus Nasr Storet Tel. 82011. Irbai Baghdad Street Tel. 2408. Naour opposite the municipality Tel. 26. Maduba King Abdullah Street Tel. 180. Matrau Tel 194. KERAK lenish opposite Alloun cro-

For advertising in above columns contact "SOUT WA SOURA" Tel. 38869 Open from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4-6 p.m.

GOT SOMETHING ON YOUR MIND?

ET THE JORDAN TIMES HEAR ABOUT

WRITE TO: P.O.BOX 6710

### JORDAN TELEVISION VOICE OF AMERICA CHANNEL 6

YOU'RE ALL BRASS, FRED!

BRASS

5:30 Ouran 5:45 Cartoons 6:00 French language 6:20 Tom and Jerry 6:40 Young Dan'l Boone 7:30 Surveal 8:40 News us Arabic 8:30 Atabac series 9:30 T.V. Magazine 16:15 Assignment in Vienna 11:00 News in Arabic

CHANNEL 3

7:00 News in French 7:30 News in Hebrew 8:30 Comedy 9:10 Centennial 10:00 News in English 10:15 Assignment in V

# RADIO JORDAN

7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning show
10:00 News summary
10:30 30 minute thear
11:00 Signing of
12:00 Signing on and a
12:03 Radiotheque
13:00 News summary

14:00 News bulletin
14:10 Music
14:30 Stars unlimited
15:00 Concert hour
16:00 News summary
16:03 Easy isstening
16:30 Pedagogical pop
17:00 30 minutes of pary
(7:30 Rediotheque
18:00 News Summary
18:03 Hay Ubu Yaqzae
18:30 As I see n Jioan Rice)
19:00 News Zufletin
19:10 News reports

### **BBC RADIO**

GMT 04:00 Newndesh 04:30 Moment Musical 04:45 Financial News; Reft 05:00 News; 24 Huara 05:30 Sarah Ward 05:45 World Today 16:30 English Sung 06:00 Newsdesh 06:30 Jata for the Asking 07:00 News; 24 Hours 07:30 Sarah Ward 07:30 Sarah Ward
07:45 Report on Religion
08:00 News, Reflections
09:00 News, Press Review
19:15 World Today
09:30 Financial News
09:40 Look Ahead
09:45 Offben with Braden
10:15 Portrains of Our Time
10:30 Claudio Arrais
11:00 News about Brid
11:15 Albabet of Mesical Co

11:10 News about Strain 11:15 Alphabet of Musical Currous 11:30 Farming World 12:00 Radio Newsred 12:15 Thirty Minute Theatre 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 News; 24 Hours

13:30 A Joly Good Shrw
14:15 Report on Religion
14:30 Dear Me
15:00 Radio Newsreel
13:15 Outlook
16:00 News; Commentary
16:15 Portraits of Our Time
16:30 English Song
16:45 World Today
17:00 News; Rook Choice
17:15 Descreey
17:45 Sports Round-Up
18:00 News; News about Britain
18:15 Radio Newsreel
18:30 Top Twenty 18:15 Radio Newsteel
18:30 Tap Twenty
19:00 Onthold: News Sum
19:39 Stock Market
19:45 Report of Religion
20:00 News; 29 Hnurs
20:30 Talkabout
21:00 Network U.K.
21:15 Nature Notebook
21:30 These Musical Island
22:00 News; World Today
22:25 Financial News
22:35 Book Cholos; Reflec
22:45 Sports Round-up
23:00 News; Commentary

19:00 News Roundup;
reports, optision,
analyses.
19:30 VOA Magazine:
Americana, science,
culture, letters.
20:00 Spocial English; news.
20:13 Music USA [Jazz]
21:00 VOA World Report
22:00 News, Correspondents
reports, background
features, media
comments, analyses. GMT 03-30 The Breakfast Show 00:30 News, pop mme, leatures, listeners, concentrous. questions.
17:00 News Rounds reports, npinis analyses.
17:30 Dateline

18:30 Now Music USA

### AMMAN AIRPORT

DEPARTURES

7:50 Cairo [EA]
8:15 Dhahran [AZ]
8:25 Mmacat, Doha (RJ/GF)
8:45 Abu Ohabi, Dubas [RJ/GF)
9:00 Jeddah
9:15 Kassat
10:00 Dhahran
10:20 Berrit
11:35 Larnaca (CY)
11:50 Kuwait (KAC)
13:10 Sacharest, Larnaca [Tarom)
17:15 Benghazi
18:30 Cairo 7:30 Aqaba 8:00 Beirut 8:40 Beirut (MEA) 8:55 Camo (EAI 9:00 Rome (AZI 10:10 Athens, Amsterdam (KLM) 10:30 Benghazu 12:00 Athens, London 12:20 Lamaca (CY) 12:45 Kuwaii (KAC) 13:00 Camo | 13:10 | Bacharest, Larnaco | Tarom) | 13:00 | Carro |
17:15	Benghazi	14:15	Larnaco, Rocharest	Tarom
18:30	Carro	19:00	Carro	
18:50	Jeddab (SOI)	19:30	Kuwnit	
19:20	Amsterdam, Rrussels, Geneva	19:30	And Ohabi, Dubai	(RI/GF)
19:30	Amsterdam, Ratanbul, Beirnt	(KLM)	20:30	Baghdad
21:15	Frankfurt, Manich, Damascus (LSI)	23:40	Rawalpindi	(BA)
22:40	London (BA)	02:00	Ohabran (AZ)	

### **EMERGENCIES**

America Fund Abu Jassar (215111 Zein Zaghloul (38591) Zárge: Sarakat Shajrawi (83026)

ARRIVALS:

23:59 Caro 01:00 Rome (AZ)

Sameer | 61 o 69 | Al Khonk (25290) Al Ijjeh (72068) Irbid: Tarque:
Al Aqua
Tazie:
Asfour (23230)
Khaled (23715)
Al Shabeed (21091)
Radya (25095)

### CULTURAL CENTRES (Amman)

# Soviet Cultural Centre.. . Spanish Cultural Centre .

# **USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS (Amman)**

	Ambulance (government)	т.	75114
	Ambulance (government)	×	r (5111
	Civil defence resente	••	2430]-4
	Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency)	•	36381-2
- 1	Municipal water service (emergency)	•	37111-3
1	Police headquarters	••	39141
1	Najdeh roving patrol rescue police (English		
•	spoken   24 hours a day for emergency	••	21111, 37777
	Arport minemation (ALIA)	-	55205
	lordan Televaion	-	73111
- 1	Radio, English Section	•	74124
	Firstand, fire, police	fe	19
	Fire headquarters	•	22090
	•		
	CULTURAL CENTRES (Dame		erra)

А! Напла Треате	Tel. 226-44
Al Sha'b Art Gallery	· 228-527
Time (in Arabic)	· 994
American Centre	** 557.347
Arab Cultural Centre	- 111.777
Anterion Cultural Centre	4 557-901
Aritish Cultural Centre	** 323 604
Deutsch Democratic Republic Cultural Centre	117-01
French Cultural Centre	- 130-694
Kabbani Theatre	222-016
National Museum	4 114-854
Sovier Cultural Centre	<b>- 225-650</b>
Spanish Cultural Centre	. 134-007
Umina Art Callery	" 134-610
Zahanya Punke Library	. * 161-316
West German Cultural Institute.	. " 124-954

### **USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS** (Damascus)

alence (governmeni)	Tel	90	
HET DI COMBRETCE	-	118.770	
nc Power Co. (repair)	-	777.XX7	
	••	1	
DENG	14	95/07	
cipal water service	•	113-500	

a advertise".

He liek

PTIKOS SHAM

best Ever Hadi

Her Interconstruction

# ZAPU leader claims: Rhodesian guerrillas shot down airliner

ONDON, Feb. 13 (R)--Rhodesian nationalist leader Joshua Nkomo has aimed his guerrilla followers shot down the Rhodesian Viscount airliner hich crashed yesterday, killing all 59 people on board, Addis Ababa Radio eported today.

The radio, monitored in Lonn, sairi Mr. Nkomo had told hiopian journalists in Addis caha this morning his men ought down the plane which ashed shortly after take off from e northern lakeside resort of

Military sources in Rhodesia id the airliner was hit by missiles ed by black nationalist guer-

Mr. Nkomo, co-leader of the 'ttriouc Front guerrilla alliance. id his men were trying to hit a ane carrying military comander Lieutenant-General ter Walls, prohably the most werful man in Rhodesia now at 90 per cent of the country is der military rule.

A Viscount carrying the general lowed 15 minutes behind the inc which crashed. The genil's plane arrived safely in Salis-

According to a recording which idis Ababa Raoio said was Mr. como speaking, he said: "Our en brought down this...Vis-

"Now, what I must stress here is at our men were aiming at an portant target -- Lieutenant eneral Watts, who is the commander of the Rhodesia army, who they had asumed was on that same plane that came to

Zambia-based ZAPU (Zimbawe Zambia, and copper out of the African Peoples Union).

ZAPU claimed responsibility for a missile attack last September which downed another Air Rhodesia Viscount in the same area. That attack resulted in 48

In Lusaka today ZAPU spokesmen declined to comment on the latest attack.

Informed sources in the Zambian capitat said Mr. Nkomo arrived in Nairohi today after a visit to Ethiopia and was expected to return to his Lusaka base later

The September attack led to swift retaliatory raids by Rhodesian forces against alleged guerrilla bases in Zambia and Mozambique. The Rhodesians claimed to have killed more than 1.500 insurgents in the raids.

The two most obvious means of Rhodesian retaliation to the latest incident are fresh attacks against Zambian guerrilla bases and a refusal to allow Zambia to use Rhodesian transport routes for import and export.

tadvert isementt

# Pakistani films hit the Jordanian movie theatres



The Jordanian Theatres have not shown any Pakistani films for over thirty years although such films have been shown all over the world. The Pakistani film has hecome competitive even against international ones due to its progress and good standard. Following a study by Mr. Ghazan Shareef Malik and encouraged by the Jordanian people's eagerness to know more about the people of Pakistan, its history and traditions, it was seen fil to introduce Pekistani films to Jordan so that the people here may learn something about the culture of the great Islamic people in Pakistan. Very soon, a Pakistani film

entitled "My name is Love" will he shown at Jordanian theatres. The film is one of the hest Pakistani films and has had a number of international prizes. More films will follow. Credit goes to the people of Jordan who encouraged the

idea with great zeal and to the Pakistani Embassy, and Jordanian agencies that helped make the scheme a reality. To them we offer our

Informed sources said that one of the conditions stipulated hy Salisbury for agreeing to move vital food and fertiliser through Mr. Mkomo is leader of the Rhodesia from South Africa into

> on Rhodesian air traffic. And in recent weeks, the sources said. Zamhia has made secret approaches to reopen road links between the two countries so that Rhodesian maize and sugar could be moved into Zambia without overloading an already

neighbouring country, was that

there should be no more attacks

congested railway system. There will be strong pressure on Premier Ian Smith to sever all economic ties with Zambia and white Rhodesians will find themselves increasingly claustrophobic. Kariba used to be one of their safest havens for a respite

# Tito to head state funeral ceremonies for closest aide President Tito has resolutely

BELGRADE, Feb. 13 (R)--Yugoslav President Tito today pays his last respects to Edvard Kardelj, his closest aide for more than 40 years and the ideological brain behind the country's independent brand of communism.

President Tito, 86, who cut short a two-week visit to four Middle Eastern countries by two days, flew to the northwestern Yugoslav city of Ljubljana to head the ceremonies at Mr. Kardelj's state funeral.

Mr. Kardelj, 69, died of cancer at the central hospital in Ljuhljana, his native town. Until about a year ago, when it became clear that his cancer condition was very grave, Mr. Kardelj was regarded as President Tito's obvious sucrefused to designate an heirapparent, but Mr. Kardeli remained the only man after him to enjoy such nanonal prestige among the ethnically and culturally diverse Yugoslavs. The officially-inspired Yugoslav media pointedly said that the

Soviet Union had paid little attention to Mr. Kardelj's death. Tass, the official Soviet news agency, reported his death in only two lines despite widespread coverage in the West. Yugoslav officials and diplomats said this Soviet attitude

reflected the animosity of Kremlin hardliners towards Mr. Kardelj, whom they regarded as the theorist behind the "Yugoslav heresy" in diluting Soviet-tyle com-

tomorrow along with a request to stay his execunion. The court meets only a day before Mr. Bhutto, 51, becomes liable for execution by bang-

Last-ditch effort

Bhutto's defence lawyers

ask for stay of execution

take two or three months. But they appeared to have little hope they could presuade the seven-man bench to reverse its 4-3 majority decision to hang the former premier.

The lawyers are allowed to argue only on errors apparent in the \$00-page court judgment. Their petition concentrates on ballistics evidence. alleged bias against Mr. Bbntto during bis trial last year and the fact that he was not present when several witnesses were questioned in court. The 90-page petition alleges numerous grave and serious instances of misreading of evidence and misapplication of the law.

Mr. Bhutto awaits the court's decision in a small white-washed cell in Rawalpundi's district jail.

# Impact of Iran's revolution could be blockbuster for U.K.

defence contracts worth more LONDON, Feb. 13 (R)--Britain is counting the likely cost to it in than £1 billion. Several major oil companies business and oil of Iran's whirtwind revolution. British offihere have announced reductions in crude oil supplies, despite Bricials are waiting in Tehran to discuss with the new rulers the cancellation or modification of

RAWALPINDI, Feh. 13 (R)--The Pakistan Sup-

reme Court meets tomorrow to consider a last-

minister Zulfikar Ali Bbutto.

ditch plea to stay the execution of former prime

Defence lawyers lodged a petition today asking

the court to review its rejection last Tuesday of

Mr. Bhutto's appeal against the death sentence for

ordering the assassination of a political opponent.

ing.

Mr. Bhutto's lawyers hope the court will delay

the execution and allow them time to argue their

petition for a review of the judgment, which could

The court said it would consider the petition

tain's North Sea deposits, and Energy Secretary Tony Benn asked consumers to exercise The companies are also concerned about long-term prospects.

Avatollah Khomeini has attacked Washington and London for being the most prominent supporters of the Sbah. And newspapers here vesterday reflected concern about the future

of Britain's interests in what was. until recently, its most valuable ally and trading partner in the reg-The conservative Daily Tele-

graph said: "From the Western point of view, this is nothing less than a long series of disasters."

And the Financial Times husiness paper warned in its editorial: The situation is fraught with dangers both for the people of Iran and for the West which still has a major interest in seeing stahility return to a strategically important country whose influence in an increasingly volatile area vulnerable to radical inter-

Tanzanian president tells 'Group of 77' developing nations:

'Unity is our only instrument of liberation'

vention could still be great." Economists estimate that up to 100,000 badiy-needed jobs could

be lost here if Iran dried up com-

pletely as a market for British Military sales represent a major

part of British export. Some have aiready been cancelled and all are in jeopardy.

State-owned British Aerospace sold Iran guided weapons worth around £700 million and big pending contracts will almost certainly be slashed or cancelled completely.

More than 1,200 special Chieftain neavy tanks, of the sort seen on the streets of Tebran last weekend, are on order in a deal worth about £700 million and British officials are expected to argue hard for the continuation of this contract.

London has already lost a £740 million stake in the building of a huge ordnance factory at the Iranian city of Isfahan.

British cars are made under licence in Iran and, including invisibles such as shipping, banking and insurance, U.K. exports to the Shah amounted to some 1.4 bil-

# at NATO headquarters BRUSSELS, Feb. 13 (R)—The first case of spying at NATO's head.

World News

Briefs

EEC official stresses trade interdependence

LUXEMBOURG, Feb. 13 (R)-The Common Market should

become less introspective and turn more towards its trading partner.

in the rest of the world, EEC Commission President Roy Jenkins with

the European Parliament today. Presenting his annual report on the

state of the nine-nation community. President Jenkins said

EEC's relationships with the United States and China were particularly important. He stressed the growing interdependency of the

world's developed nations and the necessity of successfully one cluding the multilateral trade negotiations currently taking place in Geneva. But because of the EEC's dependency on world ended

must become more efficient and internally collesive, Mr. Lenking

sugar, had to be halted and a general farm price freeze was pass

India: Thousands in jail awaiting trial

NEW DELHI, Feb. 13 (R)-The government of India's two largest

states have estimated that they have about 40,000 prisoners in tail

awaiting trial-three times the number of those actually convicted of

a crime. The Uttar Pradesh Government announced yesterday that it

released in the state capital of Lucknow showed there were 21 000

prisoners awaiting trial in the state's 64 jails against 9,000 convicted

prisoners. Bihar Chief Minister Karpoori Thakur told newsmen last

week that of the 25,000 people in jails in his state, between 19 that

and 20,000 were those awaiting or undergoing trial. The plight of the

tens of thousands of Indians awaiting trial in criminal cases was his

brought to light last month by a member of the National Police.

Commission investigating the country's prison and legal systems.

Egyptian mummies found to be father, son

LIVERPOOL, England, Feb. 13 (R)—A 2,000 year old Egyptian mummy in Liverpool City Museum has been found to be the fathered

believed to be the first time that two mammies not of royal blood

have been found to be related. They date from the Protemy periodica.

300 B.C. to 30 B.C. "This is a discovery which opens up a lot of

avenues for research for the future. But a lot more work has to be

done yet," said the spokesman. The mummy of Nesmin, who died

aged about 35, is in the Liverpool Museum and that of Ankha-Haliy

now found to be his son who lived until about 50, was flowed here from

the Hildesheim Museum in West Germany. Scientists at Liverpool

Maternity Hospital began the detective work when it was spotted

that both bad a congenital defect similar to that caused by arthrift

and that their coffins and the wrapping techniques used were similar

Spy operation uncovered

another in West Germany, a museum spokesman said today. It

would appoint 300 special magistrates in the next two months to help. clear the huge backlog of cases before its courts. Official figures of the huge backlog of cases before its courts.

said. The production of large food surpluses, notably of mile

essential step towards achieving this, he said.

quarters in Brussels in nine years was confirmed yesterday by West-ern alliance sources after the arrest of a woman secretary. They said the woman worked at West Germany's embassy to the NATOL. alliance and had been arrested on suspicion of spying for East Ger The weekly news magazine Der Spiegel reported that 35 with the

Ingrid Garbe had been arrested the previous weekend upon be

Mrs. Garbe was posted to Brussels in March, 1976, the political counsellor at the West German Embassy, said: A NATO spokesman said she belonged to the West Carrier Ministry and active March 1970. Foreign Ministry and not to NATO's international official statement would have to be released in Bonn.
The last case of spying at NATO headquarters dates back to 1979.

when a French man was accused of photocopying secret documents. The Spiegel report said Mrs. Garbe had access to top secret door ments and the ones she passed on dealt chiefly with the Wienia East-West troop reduction talks and the negotiations on building

strategic arms. However, a number of previous spying scandals in West Scringry mates, have indirectly affected NATO

The most serious was probably the betrayal of Renate Lucasecretary to the head of the West German Defence Ministry's Poe sonnel and Welfare Department, arrested in 1976.

It was later revealed she passed to East Berlin more than 1,000. documents on NATO's preparedness against Warsaw Pact Marsay She was believed to have given information on the weaknesses of NATO, the West German systems of alarm in case of an emergency and assessments on tanks, guns and other weapons.

financial domination. strong in proportion to its unity. The Third World does not have a

(R)--Tanzanian President Julius Nyerere said yesterday poor states must strengthen their unity and free themselves from foreign "So far we have been negotiat-

ARUSHA, Tanzania, Feh. 13

ing as noisy and importunate supplicants. We need to negotiate from a position of steadily increasing power," Dr. Nyerere told a ministerial meeting of the "Group of 77" developing states which he described as "a kind of trade

"Sometimes we may be forced

lo call a strike in order to show that certain things are no longer acceptable. But a trade union is strike fund and hunger strikes are not the weapon of the starving," the Tanzanian leader added in his opening speech.

The need for unity among the group's members, who now number 117, was apparent at last week's preparatory meeting of senior officials. Following a series of lengthy wrangles, the final plenary session of the meeting had to be postponed from Friday until yesterday and there is still dis-

sension on several key issues. Dr. Nyerere touched on the dis-

parate political nature of group members. "Some of us are avowedly scientific socialists, some just plain socialists, some capitalist, some theocratic and some fascist," he said.

He said that because of this there was a tendency for suhgroups to form, hut be warned: "divide and rule" is an old technique of domination. The developed nations are not unaware of its use-

President Nyerere said the poor nations had learned that legal independence did not mean economic freedom. "We are not the prime movers of our own destiny. We are asbamed to admit it, but economically we are dependencies--semi colonies at hest-not sovereign states," he

The long term aim of the group is the establishment of a new

world economic order. The meeting in this northern hill town is in preparation for the fifth United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD) in Manila in May.

On the strengthening of unity, Dr. Nyerere said: "We may have to cooperate functionally with governments which we intensely dislike and disapprove of. The object is to complete the liberation of the Third World countries from external domination. That is the hasic meaning of the new international economic order. "Unity is our instrument -our only instrument -- of liheration." he added.

# The \$22 million oil platform which has just sunk in the North Sea points out the kind of risks the oil companies face in that part of the world-but until the world stops needing oil in such vast quantities, the risks will have to be taken.

a large structure such as a platform field when a structure is del is floated out to a field. During this time it is even more at the mercy of the weather and human error.

A few years ago Elf Agnitaine, a French oil company, found out bow difficult and yet how easy it is to put a platform in the wrong place. While towing a platform to its Frigg Field in the Norwegian sector of the North Sea, the platform sank about two miles from the spot it was intended to be placed. The platform is still there and Elf seems no nearer to any solution of what to do with it or how to move it.

Aside from the problems that their enormous weight and size cause, these structures are vulnerable to corrosion and seagrowth, two things which begin to work on the steel almost as soon asthey touch the water. Already the submerged Brazilian platform may he sunk in mud. stuck on rocks and have the beginning of corrosion working.

The sinking of this relatively cheap platform-estimated to be worth about \$22 million-has once more highlighted the great financial risk that operators take every time they decide to develop

Not only are the immediate financial risks immense, but the effects of losing time on the 'development programme for the'

or in this case, lost, is some give the accountants operators a considered

headache. Insurance coverage for sin accidents is also another en sideration. In this particular cast most of the re-insurance combined back to the London market Ri whether this will have a per manent effect on the man insurance market there is known. Some insurance bruke have always suspected that major disaster such as a blog out, fire or serious damage 3 something like a tanker sea par form in the North Sea would take the London insurance part crashing to earth with a distinct thud. And it is highly doubted the operator would ever the recover, in fusancist terms,

But the eagerness to look form is insariable. The exploration dicovery and development will con timue for a long time yet. disasters like the sinking of Brazilian platform will not del the oil operators from taking of greater financial and bediese ical risks in the near fining 18 the world stops needing of his vast quantities, musice struction will continue to be built and g

financial risks taken every day Planncial Times News Festions

### GRAND GALA OPENING

# CINEMA BASMAN

**GIFT FOR LOVERS** M/S GHAZAN SMAREEF MALIK

Opens the door to a world of romance and music introducing the first Pakistani motion picture film in the HISTORY OF JORDAN

> The most dramatic love story, many international award winners 925 gross weeks in Pakistan.

"MY NAME IS LOVE", in colour,



12:00, 3:00, 5:30, and 8:00 p.m. Friday and Sunday

additional showing at 10.30 a.m. Box Offices open all day long.

# Big risks for North Sea oil

Trying to cope with offshore oil and gas production is a massive task-even when the job runs smoothly. But one of the biggest nightmares of offshore oil and gas operators in the thought of losing a platform on the way to the field.

This catastrophe has happened to Petrobras, the Brazilian state oil company. A platform being built in Scotland for the company's Namonado Field in Brazil cut loose from its tugs and sank in 200 feet of water about 30 miles off the coast from Hartlepool, England.

The 560-foot platform went to its watery grave on its side in a force ten gale with wave-beight approaching 50 feet. The problem now facing the platform constructors and the Brazilians is just how to get the platform back up and hopefully on its way again

Tugs have had to stand by to warn shipping since the base of the platform, about 200 feet wide, is visible at low tide. The entire platform is a hazard to shipping in the

What is even more upsetting in this particular case is that the incident can be seen as almost a fatal hlow for British steel platform fabrication yards with hopes of exporting platforms--hopes they substance. And among the leaders ditions. The second time it set out in this field is McDermott at Ardersier, Scotland, where the ill-fated Brazilian platform was

Although building steel structures and placing them on oil fields in the North Sea is considered, at the hest of times, a very delicate and risky business, the problems in actually floating such mammoth structures with their attendant costs and vulnerability across the open seas to Brazil, South America or any other part of the world, is an even more awesome

So when the Brazilian platform sank, with it went some of McDermott's 'hopes, and some others' as well, of becoming really competitive exporters of Britishbuilt platforms.

One of the problems of fabricating the structures in the U.K. and then towing them to South America is trying to make the Southern Hemisphere "weather window"-that time of year, generally in the warmer months, when weather is almost guaranteed to be peaceful.

But for a platform huilt in Scotland to get to Brazil at the correct time of year, it needs to leave in the middle of a Scottish winter. Once, before Christmas, the

time but are now almost without back because of bad weather conit was not quite so lucky.
Until the weather clears and

more detailed examinations of the sunken structure can be taken. very tittle about the conditions of the platform can be known. A side-scan sonar survey--a "picture" of the platform underwater taken from above the surface using sonar--has been taken and is being evaluated. Some have begun to look ahead'

to the gigantic task of raising the platform from its present position. What exactly happens when a 6,000 ton structure falls suddenly. onto the seabed is not yet known. To lift the platform may require the largest construction harge now

working-and even then the pos-sibility of lifting the jacket in one olece is considered rather remote. Some think that the platform may have to be cut into two pieces, with each section lifted separately. This job would need not only a team of experienced and skilled divers hut also good weather and

Whatever happens, though, it seems almost certain that the platform won't make it to Brazil in a field. time for installation during this year's weather window.

Most oil companies know and accept the risk they take whenever